

[Problem 1]

- (a) Using signed 2's complement notation, express as 8-bit words the decimal numbers +25, +121, and -96.
- (b) Hence, show in binary notation the arithmetic operations: $121 - 25$, and $25 - 96$.
- (c) Explain briefly how subtraction is accomplished using 2's complement notation.

[Problem 2]

- (a) Write the excess-3 equivalent codes of $(5)_{10}$, $(77)_{10}$, and $(437)_{10}$, all in **16-bit** format.
- (b) Multiply the numbers $(13.5)_{10}$ and $(2.5)_{10}$ **directly** and using their **binary equivalents**.
- (c) Divide $(100.0001)_2$ by $(10.1)_2$ correct to two binary places.

[Problem 3]

An electric light is to be controlled by three switches. The light is to be **ON** whenever switches **A** and **B** are in the same position; when **A** and **B** are in different positions, the light is to be controlled by switch **C**.

- (a) Draw up a truth table for this situation.
- (b) Represent the light function **Y** in terms of **A**, **B** and **C**.
- (c) Simplify the function using the Boolean theorems and laws, hence **design** the practical switching circuit.

[Problem 4]

Simplify the following expressions using Boolean theorems and laws:

- (a) $Y = A \cdot B \cdot C + A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot C + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$;
- (b) $Y = (\bar{A} + B + \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{A} + B + C) \cdot (C + D) \cdot (C + D + E)$.