

(2) Where a birth, still-birth or death is re-registered on the authority of the Registrar-General, the Registrar making the new entry and the Registrar having custody of the register in which the original entry was made shall make such notes (if any) in the margin of the respective entries as the Registrar-General may direct.

14. Where, during the registration of a birth, still-birth or death, it becomes necessary to cancel an entry space on the appropriate form or register, the Registrar or Deputy Registrar, as the case may be, shall draw a line in ink through that space before calling upon the informant to certify the entry.

Cancellation of entry space

15. Where a person who is required under any provision of these Rules to sign his name in a register or form makes a mark or signs in characters other than those used in the English language, the Registrar shall write against the mark or signature the words "The mark (or signature) of" inserting the name of the person.

Signature by mark or in foreign characters

PART VI REGISTRATION OF BIRTHSPART VI

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS

16. The particulars concerning a birth to be registered pursuant to section six of the Act shall be the particulars required on Reg-Gen Form No. 14.

Particulars to be registered

17. Subject to the provisions of rule 18, particulars to be recorded in respect of the parents of a child shall be the particulars prescribed in Reg-Gen Form No. 14 appropriate as at the date of birth of the child.

Particulars as at date of birth

18. (1) On receiving from an informant information of the particulars required by rule 16, the Registrar shall register the birth in the presence of the informant by inserting in Reg-Gen Form No. 14 the particulars required thereon.

Manner of registration

(2) With respect to spaces 1 and 2 (Date of Birth) and (Place of Birth)-

- (a) if more than one living child is born at a confinement, the Registrar shall enter the time of birth after the date of birth in each entry respectively;
- (b) if the birth is that of a new-born child found exposed and the date and place of birth are unknown, the Registrar shall enter the words "on or about" and the approximate date of birth followed by the words "Found at on", with the relevant place and date.

The Laws of Zambia

(3) With respect to space 3 (Names and Surname of Child), the surname to be entered shall be the surname by which at the date of the registration of the birth it is intended that the child shall be known and, if a Christian name is not given, the Registrar shall enter the surname preceded by a horizontal line.

(4) With respect to spaces 5 and 6 (Names and Surname of Father) and (Occupation of Father)-

- (a) if after the child's birth the father acquired a surname different from that borne by him at the date of the birth, the Registrar shall enter the name and surname as at the date of the birth, followed by the acquired surname preceded by the word "now" or, if the father is deceased, by the word "afterwards";
- (b) if the child was illegitimate, the Registrar shall not complete space 6 unless the names and surname of a person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child have been entered in space 5 pursuant to section *fifteen* of the Act (which makes provision as to the father of an illegitimate child);
- (c) if the father is deceased, the Registrar shall enter below the particulars in space 6 the word "deceased";
- (d) if the father has changed his occupation since the birth of the child, the Registrar shall enter in space 6 after the occupation as at the date of the birth, the occupation as at the date of registration preceded by the word "now".

(5) With respect to space 8 (Names and Surname of Mother)-

- (a) if after the birth of the child the mother acquired by marriage or otherwise a surname different from that borne by her at the date of birth, the Registrar shall enter the name and surname as at the date of the birth, followed by the acquired surname preceded by the word "now" or, if the mother is deceased, by the word "afterwards";
- (b) if the child was illegitimate and the mother was engaged before the birth in gainful employment, the Registrar shall enter particulars of the occupation unless, pursuant to sub-rule (4), an entry is made of the father's occupation.

(6) With respect to space 12 (Date of Parents' Marriage)-

- (a) where the date of parents' marriage is unknown, the Registrar shall enter the words "on or about", followed by the approximate date of marriage;

The Laws of Zambia

- (b) where the marital status of the parents of a child to be registered is doubtful, and where it appears to the Registrar that the father of the child is also married to another woman in a polygamous union, the Registrar shall satisfy himself of the subsistence of a valid statutory or customary marriage, as the case may be, before registering the child:

Provided that a child born outside marriage shall not be registered as legitimate.

(7) With respect to space 15 (Residential Address of Informant)-

- (a) the address required shall be the address as at the date of registration of the birth;
- (b) if, pursuant to section *fifteen* of the Act, an entry has been made in the name of the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child, the Registrar shall enter that person's address followed by the mother's address, if different.

19. Before completing Reg-Gen Form No. 2 relating to vital statistics, the Registrar shall explain to the informant that the particulars required thereon are for statistical purposes only; and after completion the Registrar shall forward the form together with Reg-Gen Form No. 14 (duly completed) to the Registrar-General.

Completion of Vital Statistics Form

20. After completing spaces 1 to 16 (excluding space 13), the Registrar shall call upon the informant to verify the particulars entered; and, if it appears that any error has been made in those particulars, the Registrar shall thereupon in the presence of the informant make the necessary correction.

Verification of particulars

21. (1) The Registrar shall call upon the informant to sign the entry in space 13, or, if he be illiterate, to affix his mark thereto.

Signatures

(2) If, in pursuance of section *fifteen* of the Act, an entry has been made of the name of the person acknowledging himself to be the father of an illegitimate child, the Registrar shall call first upon that person and then upon the mother to sign the entry or, if they be illiterate, to affix their marks thereto.

22. When the Registrar has signed the entry in space 17, his name stamp shall be impressed under the signature.

Signature of Registrar

23. Subject to the provisions of section *nine* of the Act a Registrar may in appropriate cases register the birth of a child which has occurred more than one month previously upon payment by the informant of a late registration fee of one kwacha, provided that twelve months have not expired since the birth of the child occurred.

Registration after one month but within twelve months

24. (1) Where a Registrar is informed that a birth which occurred more than twelve months previously has not been registered, he shall make a report to the Registrar-General stating to the best of his knowledge and belief the particulars required to be registered concerning the birth, the source of his information and the name and address of any informant available to give information for the registration.

Registration after twelve months

(2) Where an informant attends to give information for the registration of a birth which occurred more than twelve months previously, the written authority of the Registrar-General for registering the birth shall be obtained and the fact that such authority has been given shall be entered in the register and endorsed on the notice of birth.

(3) Before the Registrar-General gives written authority for the registration of a birth which has occurred more than twelve months previously, the informant shall furnish for the Registrar-General's consideration an affidavit in duplicate in the form set out in Reg-Gen Form No. 12, supported by a baptismal certificate or a certificate from the hospital where the child was born naming the mother and the date of the birth, or, where the child was not born in a hospital, by two affidavits from two reliable witnesses to the birth.

(4) Upon giving written authority for the late registration of a birth under sub-rule (3), the Registrar-General shall forward the affidavit in duplicate to the Registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and on receipt of the affidavit the Registrar shall retain the top copy and return the duplicate copy together with the notice of birth completed by the parents of the child to the Registrar-General.

25. An entry in pursuance of section *seventeen* of the Act shall be made by the Registrar-General in the main birth register followed by the surname recorded in space 3 of Reg-Gen Form No. 14 and-

Alteration of name after registration

- (a) if the entry is made on production of a certificate of baptism, add the words "by baptism on", inserting the date on which the child was baptised;
- (b) if the entry is made on production of a certificate that a name was given otherwise than in baptism, add the words "on certificate of naming dated", inserting the date on which the certificate was signed.

PART VII RE-REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS OF LEGITIMATED PERSONSPART VII

RE-REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS OF LEGITIMATED PERSONS

26. (1) The birth of a legitimated person whose birth has already been registered in Zambia shall be re-registered in accordance with section *three* and the Schedule to the Legitimacy Act.

Re-registration to be in accordance with section 3 and the Schedule to the Legitimacy Act. Cap. 52

(2) Information required for such re-registration shall be furnished by the parents of the legitimated person within three months of the date of the parents' marriage to the Registrar-General who shall authorise such re-registration if he considers that the information as furnished by the parents of the legitimated person is satisfactory.

PART VIII BIRTH ENTRIES OF ADOPTED CHILDREN PART VIII

BIRTH ENTRIES OF ADOPTED CHILDREN

27. The Registrar-General shall, in compliance with an adoption order issued by the High Court, make an appropriate entry in the Adopted Children Register, maintained under the provisions of section *eleven* of the Adoption Act, and insert the word "Adopted" against the previous entry in the register of births relating to the adopted child.

Making of birth entry of adopted child.
Cap. 54

PART IX REGISTRATION OF STILL-BIRTHS PART IX

REGISTRATION OF STILL-BIRTHS

28. (1) The provisions of section *sixteen* of the Act which require the finder of an exposed child to furnish the prescribed particulars for purposes of registration shall apply to a still-born child as they apply to a live-born child.

Application to still-births of certain provisions relating to births

(2) The particulars to be registered are those prescribed on Reg-Gen Form No. 15.

29. In the case of any still-birth with respect to which there has been delivered to the Registrar-

Manner of registration

- (a) a written certificate of a medical practitioner or registered midwife referred to in section *fourteen* (2) (a) of the Act; or
- (b) a declaration as referred to in section *fourteen* (2) (b) of the Act;

the Registrar, on receiving from an informant at any time within one month after the date of the still-birth, information of the particulars required by rule 28 (2), shall register the still-birth in the presence of the informant.

30. (1) Where the still-birth is registered on the production of a written certificate of a medical practitioner or a registered midwife, the Registrar shall enter in space 4 the cause of death precisely as stated therein, followed by the words "Certified by" and the name and qualification of the medical practitioner or, as the case may be, the name of the midwife and the words "Registered Midwife".

Entry of nature of evidence of still-birth

The Laws of Zambia

(2) Where the still-birth is registered on the production of a declaration as referred to in section *fourteen* (2) (b) of the Act, the Registrar shall enter in space 4 the words "Declaration by informant".

31. (1) After completing registration of the still-birth, the Registrar shall issue a disposal certificate for the purpose of burial of the still-birth. Disposal certificate

(2) Where the Registrar has reason to believe that the child was born alive, he shall report the matter of the still-birth to a coroner or police officer for investigation.

32. (1) Where a new-born living or still-born child is found exposed and if the date of birth of the child is unknown, references in these Rules to the doing of anything within a specified period after the birth shall be construed as references to the doing thereof within the same period after the child was found. Exposed child

(2) If the place of birth of the new-born living or still-born child is unknown, references in these Rules to the place where a birth or still-birth occurred shall be construed as references to the place where the child was found.

PART X REGISTRATION OF DEATHSPART X

REGISTRATION OF DEATHS

33. The particulars concerning a death required to be registered pursuant to section *eighteen* (1) of the Act shall be the particulars required in spaces 1 to 13 on Reg-Gen Form No. 22; and a certificate of cause of death issued under the provisions of section *eighteen* (3) of the Act shall be in the form prescribed in Medical Form No. 14. Particulars to be registered and certificate of cause of death

34. (1) In the case of any death which occurred in the Registrar's district with respect to which a medical certificate of cause of death has been delivered to the Registrar at any time within twelve months of the date of death, the Registrar shall register the death in the presence of the informant. Procedure where medical certificate of cause of death is produced

(2) Where the death relates to a dead body in relation to which the date and place of death are unknown, the Registrar shall enter in spaces 1 and 2 the words "Dead body found on" and the date of finding the body, followed by "at" and the place of finding.

(3) Where the deceased was a child under the age of fifteen, the Registrar shall enter in space 7 the words "son (or daughter) of" and the name and occupation of the father.

(4) The Registrar shall enter in space 9 the cause of death precisely as certified in the medical certificate, followed by the words "Certified by....." and the name and qualification of the medical practitioner who gave the medical certificate.

(5) Subject to the provisions of rules 36 and 38, no Registrar shall register a death with respect to which no medical certificate of cause of death has been delivered to him.

35. (1) After completing spaces 1 to 14 (excluding space 10) on Reg-Gen Form No. 22, the Registrar shall call upon the informant to verify the particulars, and, if it appears that any error has been made in those particulars, the Registrar shall thereupon in the presence of the informant make the necessary correction.

Verification of particulars

(2) The Registrar shall then call upon the informant to sign the entry in space 10 and, when the Registrar has signed the entry in space 16, he shall impress his name stamp under his signature.

(3) The Registrar shall thereafter send the notice of death together with the medical certificate or a coroner's certificate of cause of death to the Registrar-General.

36. Where a Registrar receives a coroner's certificate upon an inquest with reference to a death, he shall register the death on Reg-Gen Form No. 22:

Registration of death after inquest

Provided that in space 10 in place of "signature or mark", he shall enter the words "Certificate received from" and the name and description of the coroner, and the words "Inquest held" and the date of the inquest as stated in the certificate.

37. Where a Registrar is informed that the death of a person who died more than twelve months previously has not been registered, the Registrar shall seek and obtain the Registrar-General's authority before registering the death in the presence of the informant.

Registration after twelve months

PART XI DISPOSAL OF BODIES OF DECEASED PERSONSPART XI

DISPOSAL OF BODIES OF DECEASED PERSONS

The Laws of Zambia

38. A Registrar shall give a disposal certificate for the disposal of the body of a deceased person on a form provided by the Registrar-General- Disposal certificate
Cap. 37

- (a) where the death is one which is not required to be reported to the coroner and a certificate of cause of death has been delivered to him; or
- (b) where a magistrate or the police are satisfied that the case is not one to which section *four* or *ten* of the Inquests Act applies;
- (c) with respect to cases falling under paragraph (b) the police shall furnish the prescribed particulars to the Registrar.

39. A person effecting the disposal of the body of a deceased person shall write, sign and date a notification of disposal which shall be delivered to the Registrar immediately after the disposal of the body. Notification of disposal

40. Where the notification required under section *eighteen* (2) of the Act has not been delivered to the Registrar within a period of thirty days, the Registrar shall make necessary inquiries from the custodian or other person having charge or control of the place of disposal. Inquiry in default of notification of disposal

41. (1) Where the body of a deceased person is found exposed, and if the date of death of the deceased person is unknown, references in these Rules to the doing of anything within a specified period after the death shall be construed as references to the doing thereof within the same period after the body of the deceased person was found. Exposed body of deceased person

(2) If the place of death of the deceased person is unknown, references in these Rules to the place where the death occurred shall be construed as references to the place where the body of the deceased person was found.

PART XII REGISTRATION OFFICESPART XII

REGISTRATION OFFICES

42. The place in each district at which births and deaths may be registered and registers inspected shall be the registration office in each district, and the hours at which registration and inspection may be effected shall be the normal Government office hours and such other times as may be convenient to the officer in charge of the registration office. Registration offices

PART XIII FEESPART XIII

FEES

The Laws of Zambia

43. (1) No fee is chargeable for the registration of a birth or death if notice is given in the prescribed form containing the prescribed particulars of the birth within one month thereof. Prescribed fees

(2) The several fees specified in the Second Schedule shall be payable in respect of matters therein specified.

44. Notice of a birth or a death on board ship while within the territorial waters of Lake Tanganyika shall be given to the Registrar of the Mbala Registration District. Notice of birth or death on board ship

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Rule 3)

PRESCRIBED FORMS

NOTICE OF BIRTH

No. District

WARNING-In terms of section 9 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act, any person who is obliged to make a registration and refuses or neglects to state any particular required on this form or gives any false information for the purpose of registration shall be guilty of an offence and may, on conviction, be imprisoned for one month and/or fined two hundred penalty units.

Child:

Date of Birth

Place of Birth

(to be printed)

Names and Surname of Child

Sex

Parents of Child:

Names and Surname of Father

Occupation of Father

Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number, if any

Names and Surname of Mother

Maiden Surname of Mother

Mother's Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number, if any

Nationality of Parents: (Father)

(Mother)

Date of Parents' Marriage

Informant:

Signature or Mark

(Name to be printed in addition to his/her signature)

Relationship to Child

(see Note 1 below)

Residential Address of Informant

Postal Address of Informant

Date of Giving Notice.

Signature of Assistant Registrar (where applicable)

(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)

Signature of Registrar

(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)

NOTE 1-The informant should be the father or mother of the child and only if neither is able to give the necessary information is one of the following persons entitled to give notice:

- (a) the occupier of the house or the person in charge of the hospital or institution where the child was born;
(b) a person present at the birth; or
(c) the person now having charge of the child.

NOTE 2-In terms of section 15 of the Act, a Registrar shall not enter in the Births Register the name of any person as father of an illegitimate child except at the joint request of the mother and the person acknowledging himself in writing in the presence of the Registrar to be the father of the child.

NOTE 3-If you are a member of the Zambia National Provident Fund or any other Social Security Scheme please quote your Social Security Number as this will assist the Fund or Scheme in the payment of benefits.

(As amended by Act No. 13 of 1994)

The Laws of Zambia

NOTICE OF BIRTH OF A STILL-BORN CHILD

The Laws of Zambia

No.
District

WARNING-In terms of section 9 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act, any person who is obliged to make a registration and refuses or neglects to state any particular required on his form or gives any false information for the purpose of registration shall be guilty of an offence and may, on conviction, be imprisoned for one month and/or fined two hundred penalty units

Child:

Surname
Date of Birth
Sex
Cause of Death and Nature of Evidence that Child was still-born.
.....
.....

Parents of Child:

Names and Surname of Father
Occupation of Father
Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number, if any
Names and Surname of Mother
Maiden Surname of Mother
Mother's Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number, if any
Nationality of Parents
Date of Parents' Marriage

Informant:

Signature or Mark
(Name to be printed in addition to his/her signature)
Relationship to Child
Residential Address
.....
Postal Address
Date of Giving Notice
Signature of Assistant Registrar (where applicable)
(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)
Signature of Registrar
(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)

NOTE 1-The informant should be the father or mother of the child and only if neither is able to give the necessary information should one of the following persons be entitled to give notice:

- (a) the occupier of the house or the person in charge of the hospital or the institution where the child was born; or
- (b) a person present at the birth.

NOTE 2-In terms of section 15 of the Act, a Registrar shall not enter in the Births Register the name of any person as father of an illegitimate child except at the joint request of the mother and the person acknowledging himself in writing in the presence of the Registrar to be the father of the child.

NOTE 3-If you are a member of the Zambia National Provident Fund or any other Social Security Scheme please quote your Social Security Number as this will assist the Fund or Scheme in the payment of benefits.

NOTE 4-In terms of section 14 (2) of the Act, this notice must be accompanied either by a written certificate that the child was not born alive, signed by a registered medical practitioner or certified midwife who was in attendance at the birth or who has examined the body of the child, or in default thereof the informant should complete the following declaration:

I, (name of person giving notice)
of
do solemnly and sincerely declare that no medical practitioner or midwife was present at the birth or has examined the body and that the child was not born alive. And that I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Declared at this day of, 19
Signature of Mark

Before me.....
Registrar/Deputy Registrar

The Laws of Zambia

The Laws of Zambia

REG-GEN FORM No. 16

REGISTER OF BIRTHS

No.	Date and place of birth	Names and surname of Child	Sex	Names and surname of Father	Names, surname, maiden surname and social security number of Mother	Occupation and social security number of Father	de: reside

BIRTH CERTIFICATE

No. District

Date of Birth

Place of Birth

Names and Surname of Child

Names and Surname of Father

Occupation of Father

Father's Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number

Names and Surname of Mother

Mother's Maiden Surname

Mother's Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number

Name of Informant

Informant's Residential Address

Postal Address

Date of Registration

Name of Registrar

I hereby certify that the above certificate is a true copy of the particulars recorded in relation to the birth of the said child in the Register of Births kept at Lusaka.

Dated this day of, 19.....

Registrar-General/Deputy Registrar-General

SHORTENED FORM OF BIRTH CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the following information in respect of the record of birth of is a true extract from the Register of Births kept at Lusaka.

Christian Name(s) Sex

Date of Birth Place of Birth

Extracted this day of, 19.....

Registrar-General/Deputy Registrar-General

REGISTER OF STILL-BIRTHS

No.	Date and place of birth	Surname	Sex	Cause of death	Names and surname of Father	Names, surname, maiden surname and social security number of Mother	Occupational security number

STILL-BIRTH CERTIFICATE

No.	Date and place of birth	Surname	Sex	Cause of death	Names and surname of Father of Mother	Names, surname, maiden surname and social security number of Mother	Occupation and social security number information

I hereby certify that the ab
tt

NOTICE OF DEATH

No. District

WARNING-In terms of section 9 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act, any person who is obliged to make a registration and refuses or neglects to state any particulars required on this form or gives any false information for the purpose of registration shall be guilty of an offence and may, on conviction, be imprisoned for one month and/or fined two hundred penalty units

Deceased:

Date of Death

Place of Death

Nationality of Deceased

Names and Surname

Sex Age

Occupation

Z.N.P.F. or other Social Security Scheme Number : :

Cause of Death

Informant:

Signature or Mark
(Name to be printed in addition to his/her signature)

Relationship to Deceased.
(See Note 1 below)

Residential Address

Postal Address

Date of Registration

Signature of Assistant Registrar (where applicable).....
(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)

Signature of Registrar
(Name stamp to be impressed under signature)

NOTE 1-The informant should be a relative present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness of the deceased, and in default thereof the next person from the following list:

- (a) a relative living in the district where the deceased died;
- (b) a person present at the death;
- (c) the occupier or an inmate of the house or the person in charge of the hospital or institution where the death occurred;
- (d) the undertaker.

NOTE 2-The Medical Certificate showing the Cause of Death must be attached to this form.

NOTE 3-The informant should be asked to complete a vital statistics card. The information is required for purely statistical purposes.

NOTE 4-If deceased was a member of the Zambia National Provident Fund or any other Social Security Scheme, please quote his/her Social Security Number as this will assist the Fund or Scheme in the payment of benefits.

The Laws of Zambia

REG-GEN FORM No. 23

REGISTER OF DEATHS

No.	Death and place of death	Names and surname	Sex	Age	Occupation and social security number	Cause of death	Name, d residenc

DEATH CERTIFICATE

No. District

Date of Death

Place of Death

Names and Surname of Deceased

Sex Age

Nationality

Occupation

Z.N.P.F. or any other Social Security Scheme Number : :

Cause of Death

.....

Name of Informant

Relationship to Deceased

.....

Date of Registration

Name of Registrar

I do hereby certify that the above certificate is a true copy of the particulars registered in relation to the death of the person named in the Register of Deaths kept at Lusaka.

Dated this day of, 19.....

.....
Registrar-General/Deputy Registrar-General

PERMIT FOR THE BURIAL OR OTHER DISPOSAL OF A BODY

In accordance with *subsection (6) of section 18 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act,

I hereby authorise the burial or disposal by
 of the body of
 who died at on the
 day of, 19.....

.....
**Registrar
 Magistrate
 Police Officer
 Other officer specially empowered*

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Rule 6)

PRESCRIBED FEES

The Laws of Zambia

	Fee units
Birth Certificate	10
Search Fee	6
Change of Name(s)	14
Alteration of Register	9
Adoption Certificate	556
Special Licence	84
Affidavit in support of an application for Registrar's Certificate	14
Death Certificate	3

SECTION 21-THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION (AIRCRAFT) RULES

Statutory Instrument
247 of 1973

Rules by the Minister

1. These Rules may be cited as the Births and Deaths Registration (Aircraft) Rules. Title

2. In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires- Interpretation
 - "aircraft" includes all balloons, whether captive or free, gliders, airships and flying machines;

 - "journey" is deemed to commence when a traveller enters an aircraft registered in Zambia for the purpose of the journey and to continue until that traveller alights therefrom on completion of the journey, notwithstanding any intermediate stop or break in the journey;

 - "person in command of an aircraft" means, in a case where a person other than a pilot is in command of the aircraft, that person, and in any other case, the pilot;

 - "traveller", in relation to an aircraft, includes a member of the crew.

3. (1) The owner of an aircraft registered in Zambia, or if he be not resident in Zambia, his agent in Zambia, shall, as soon as practicable but not later than six months after the occurrence in any part of the world of a birth or death in the aircraft, or of a death outside Zambia of a traveller in the aircraft who is killed on the journey in consequence of an accident, transmit to the Registrar-General a return of such birth or death in the form, in accordance with the instructions, and containing the particulars prescribed in the First Schedule in the case of a birth or in the Second Schedule in the case of a death: Returns relating to births and deaths by owners of aircraft

Provided that if such particulars are not known to the owner of the aircraft or his agent, he shall transmit as aforesaid so many of such particulars as he is reasonably able to ascertain having regard to the circumstances of the birth or death.

(2) To facilitate the rendering of returns in accordance with this rule, the person in command of an aircraft registered in Zambia shall forthwith, on the occurrence in any part of the world of a birth or death in the aircraft, or of the death outside Zambia of a traveller in the aircraft who is killed on the journey in consequence of an accident, record in the journey log book, or other appropriate document relating to that aircraft, the particulars of the birth or death mentioned in sub-rule (1) and shall make such record available to the owner or his agent as soon as practicable:

The Laws of Zambia

Provided that if all such particulars are not known to the person in command of an aircraft and cannot be readily ascertained by him, he shall record and make available as aforesaid so many of such particulars as are readily ascertainable.

(3) Where any aircraft has been *bona fide* demised, let or hired out for a period exceeding fourteen days to any other person by the owner thereof, and no pilot, commander, navigator or operative member of the crew of the aircraft is in the employment of the owner, the provisions of this rule shall have effect as though for references to the owner there were substituted references to the person to whom the aircraft has been so demised, let or hired out.

(4) For the purposes of this rule, a person shall be deemed to be dead if there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has died in consequence of an accident.

4. In the case of the birth of an illegitimate child, the name of any person as father of such child shall not be entered in any return or record of particulars of the birth of such child unless the mother of the child and the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child shall have signed a completed form of return as informants.

Saving for father of illegitimate child

FIRST SCHEDULE
(Rule 3 (1))

REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT

BIRTH

RETURN FOR THE PURPOSES OF RULE 3 (1) OF THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION (AIRCRAFT) RULES

- 1. Registration marking of aircraft
- 2. Date of birth (a)
- 3. Place of birth (b)
- 4. Name (c)
- 5. Sex (d)
- 6. Name, surname, usual residence and nationality of father (e)
- 7. Name, surname, maiden surname, usual residence and nationality of mother (f)
- 8. Date and place of marriage of parents
- 9. Profession or occupation of father, and rank or title (if any) (e)
- 10. Name, description and home address of informant (if any) (g)
- 11. Signature of informant(s)

Signature and rank of person completing the return

Date (a)

NOTES

- (a) Day and month in words, year in figures.
- (b) Approximate position, e.g. "25 kilometres west of Lusaka", "over Nairobi", "over Zimbabwe".
- (c) Full Christian names of child.
- (d) "Boy" or "girl", as the case may be.
- (e) Christian names in full and followed by surname; surname to be written in BLOCK CAPITALS. If child is illegitimate (see rule 4), the particulars relating to the father must not be recorded in the return unless at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child, in which case such person shall, as well as the mother, sign a completed form of return as informant.
- (f) Christian names in full and married surname followed by the word "formerly" and the maiden surname.
- (g) The informant's full names, relationship (if any) to the child, and full postal address should be stated.

Except in the circumstances mentioned in Note (e), only one person (usually the mother or father) should act as informant.

The Laws of Zambia

The Laws of Zambia

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Rule 3 (1))

REG-GEN FORM No.31

REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT

DEATH

RETURN FOR THE PURPOSES OF RULE 3 (1) OF THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION (AIRCRAFT) RULES

- 1. Registration marking of aircraft
- 2. Date of death (a)
- 3. Place of death (b)
- 4. Name and surname (c)
- 5. Usual residence at time of death (d)
- 6. Sex (e) 7. Age (f)
- 8. Profession or occupation, rank or title (if any) and nationality (g)
- 9. Cause of death
- 10. Name, description and home address of informant (if any) (h)
- 11. Signature of informant

Signature and rank of person completing the return

Date (a)

NOTES

- (a) Day and month in words, year in figures.
- (b) Actual position if known. Otherwise approximate position, e.g. "25 kilometres west of Lusaka", "over Nairobi", "over Zimbabwe".
- (c) Christian names in full, followed by surname. Surname to be written in BLOCK CAPITALS.
- (d) The full postal address should be stated.
- (e) "Male" or "female".
- (f) To be recorded in complete years, or in months or days.
- (g) *Women and children*

In the case of a married woman or a widow, the words "wife of" or "widow of" shall be entered, followed by the name, profession or occupation, rank and title, and nationality of the husband. In the case of an unmarried woman, there shall be inserted (i) the word "spinster", followed by her profession or occupation (if any), rank or title (if any) and her nationality, and (ii) the words "daughter of" followed by the name, profession, etc., of her father.

In the case of children under the age of sixteen years, the words "son of" or "daughter of" shall be followed by the name, profession, etc., of the father.

- (h) The informant's full name, relationship (if any) to deceased, and full postal address should be stated.

The Laws of Zambia