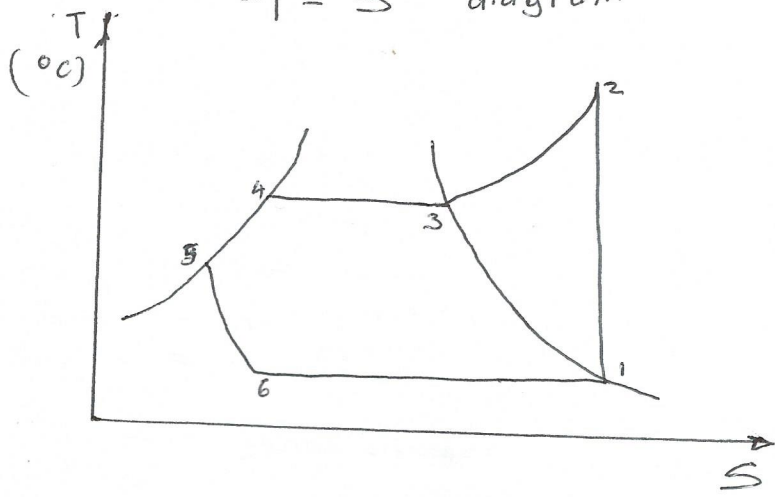


(ii) $h_1 = 178.7 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $h_3 = 191.7 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $h_2 = 194.9 \text{ kJ/kg}$
 $h_4 = 45.4 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $T_4 = 10^\circ\text{C} = 283 \text{ K}$
 $T_5 = 7^\circ\text{C} = 280 \text{ K}$

Liquid cooled by 7°C before expansion by throttling

T-S diagram



$C_{pL} = 0.94 \text{ kJ/kg K}$

$h_5 = h_4 - C_{pL}(T_4 - T_5) = 45.4 - 0.94(283 - 280)$

$h_5 = 45.4 - 2.82 = 42.58 \text{ kJ/kg} = h_6$

$C.O.P = \frac{h_1 - h_6}{h_2 - h_1} = \frac{\text{refrigerative effect}}{\text{energy out put}} = \frac{178.7 - 42.58}{194.9 - 178.7}$

$C.O.P = \underline{\underline{8.4}}$